Baron Moncheur Visist Belgian Immigrants in the South.

#### WELL PAID, KINDLY TREATED

People of Cuba Declared to Be in Favor of Annexation.

#### UTILIZATION OF VACANT LOTS

Demand for Abandoned Farms in New England for Summer Homes-Interesting Facts About Books.

#### BY WILLIAM E. CURTIS.

Written for The Star and the Chicago Record-Herald. His Excellency Baron Moncheur, the Belinvestigation into the condition of the recent immigration from his country who were brought over to South Carolina by a commissioner from that state and have been the objects of considerable attention on the theory that their importation was in violation of the immigration regulations and contract labor laws. Secretary Straus of the Department of Commerce and Labor and Commissioner Sargent of the bureau of immigration have taken a broad view of the question, and are inclined to assist

rather than obstruct the efforts of the southern states to obtain labor from Europe. Their construction of the law will permit state agents and commissioners to offer instate agents and commissioners to offer inducements and use methods which would not be permitted to individuals or corporations. The Belgian immigrants in South Carolina are objects of unusual interest because they are the first that have been brought over by state official agencies, and also because they were picked from among the well-to-do classes of mechanics and laborers in Belgium. They are regarded as most desirable citizens, and unlimited numbers of their type will be welcomed in the manufacturing cities and on the plantations of the southern states.

#### Belgian Minister's Report.

Under instructions from his government Baron Moncheur made a visit to South Carolina, and has forwarded to Brussels a detailed report of his investigations, which will doubtless be published in due time. It is fortunate for the south and for those who are interested in promoting immigra-tion to have the testimony of so intelligent and so therough a man as Baron Moncheur, for he understands conditions in this coun-try better than most foreigners, and is able to judge of the welfare and prospects of his fellow-countrymen in South Carolina with perfect accuracy. He says that he found them well situated, actively employed at good wages and perfectly contented with good wages and perfectly contented with their treatment, experience and surround ings. There were a few exceptions, how ever, in the case of certain skilled mechan ics, an electrician, a plumber, and one o two other of similar trades, who have no two other of similar trades, who have not been able to make as much wages as they were receiving in Belgium. For that rea-son they are dissatisfied, and Baron Mon-cheur will discourage the emigration from his country of any more men of that class. The remainder of the 500 or more Belgians are earning much better wages than they received at home, they are well housed in comfortable cottages in the factory villages, where they have good air, pure water, healthful surroundings and low rents, and appreciate the liberal and kindly treatment they have received. Baron Moncheur says his views on the subject of child labor have been somewhat modified by an inspection of the factory villages of South and, so far as his observation children are not badly treated, they do not work long hours, they are pr vided with playgrounds, gymnasiums at other amusements, and are allowed co siderable time for exercise and play. The are paid good wages, which is a gratific tion to their parents. Altogether. Baron Moncheur's experien and observations were satisfactory, and

#### has so reported to his government. Cubans for Annexation.

The Rev. S. A. Neblett, formerly of Chatodist missionary work in Cuba, says: "I lon't talk politics much, but the people of The property holders, the business elements educated classes are not particular peace and their lives and property are proand the most advanced province on the island. It has a smaller number of illiter-ates and a higher average of education and culture. The people are almost unanimous-ly in sympathy with the conservative party nd against the liberals, but they do take much part in politics. They were in-tensely patriotic in opposition to Spain, but are now favorable to American domination, ecause they consider it most advantageous

There is no question about the condition the disposition of the laboring classes. They have very ditle idea of what govern-ment means. They are improvident, unam-bitious, indifferent to education, badly paid and sometimes badly treated, and are al-ways ready to follow any one who promises to better their condition and offers them an opportunity for excitement and adven-The situation is very much as it is the negroes in the southern part of United States. The negroes of Cuba, those of our southern states, have a passion for politics and very little comprehension of their responsibilities. As a rule they are making no progress. There is very little hope for improvement in the next generation. When they are well treated the plantation negroes of Cuba are industrious, obedient and temperate, but they are very resentful and temperate. they are very resentful and vindictive toward those who treat them badly. There are good planters in Cuba and bad plant-ers, just as there are in the United States. Those who are kind to their employes, treat them humanely, pay them promptly and give them good quarters to live in re-ceive the same treatment in return. Those who are cruel and unjust are often the ob-

It is difficult to say what will happen if the United States withdraws and turns the government over to the liberal leaders, said Mr. Neblett. "There is a great deal of apprehension, but the negroes will not make any trouble if the politicians will let them alone. Whenever there is trouble it

#### is due to agitators. Utilizing Vacant Lots.

The annual report of the Philadelphia Vacant Lots Cultivation Association, which fell into my hands the other day, and which may be obtained by writing to the secretary, contains much interesting information and many suggestions of value to all who have civic pride, and particularly to those who take an interest in beautifying their s rroundings and promoting the welfare of their less fortunate fellow-citizens.

The object of the association is to utilize and beautify vacant lots in the residence section of Philadelphia. (1) To remove eyesores and offensive growths of weed, deserted the control of the control esits of rubbish and debris and plant open To furnish healthful and neat and atgrounds and other facilities for outdoor en have no grounds of their own, by grading, sodding and keeping in order vacant lots. (3) To provide ground upon which those who have the time and taste may cultivate flowers and gardens for their own benefit

a slight expense. Many vacant lots in the city ar: covered th a soil that is sufficiently fertile to pro-ice flowers and foliage plants abundantly, and also radishes, ettice, onlons, peas, teans, potatoes and other vegetables that can easily be cultivated by hand. Many vacant lots are devoted to this purpose, some for the mere gratification of a love

owners of vacant lots to cultivate the soil and beautify them. It almost invariably promotes the sale of the lots by making them look attractive, and increases the value. There is relatively more benefit to the owners than to the public or the free tenants, and they are glad to have their land so i proved, provided it is vacated on demand. The association has a form of contract by which it agreed not to inter-fere with any disposition that the owner chooses to make of the property of any time, and he agrees not to interfere with its cultivation unless it becomes necessary to erect a building upon it.

This practical philanthropy has be carried farther in Philadelphia than in any other city. Plenty of poor people at glad to cultivate flowers and vegetables for their own use and for sale; neighborhood clubs are easily formed to utilize croquet grounds and tennis courts and to pay the expense of putting them in order provided they are allowed to occupy them free of cost for at least one season. The association acts as a promoter and agent for such enterprises. It also furnishes seed, fertilizer and wire fencing, and will plough the ground for those who wish to make gardens. It spent about \$6,000 last year in that way. This work has been going on in Philadelphia for work has been going on in Findacephia to twelve years, and the association now has under its care nearly 250 acres of vacant city lots which have been improved and peautified or are under cultivation.

Demand for Abandoned Farms. The success of the New Hampshire state department of agriculture in securing buyers and tenants for the abandoned farms of that state has been so great that the department of agriculture similar work. A bureau of statistics and information recently established at Albany has issued a bulletin containing a different parts of the state, with their prices and terms of sale or rentals. The bulletin also contains a list of oc-cupied farms which are offered for sale, and thousands of copies are being distributed among real estate agents and dealers in farm lands. Already a large number of abandoned farms have been sold to city people in this way for sum-mer homes and country residences. The intention of the bureau is to furnish re-liable information and bring buyers and sellers together.

This plan has proved an admirable suc-

cess in New Hampshire, where more than 2.000 farms, which have been abandoned by their owners for the more productive soil of the prairie states, have been sold to summer residents from all over the

#### Facts About Books.

The International Biographical Institute in Brussels has been making an investigation, and reports that since the invention of printing in 1436 to January 1. 1907, there have been published in the entire world 13.063.000 books. Of these, 29.42 per cent are law books and sociological works, 20.46 per cent essays, fiction and other literary works, 12.18 per cent scientific, 11.44 per cent historical and biographical, 10 per cent theological and religious, 9 per cent bibliographical, 2.62 per cent artistic, and 1.36 per cent philosophical. It is difficult to understand these classifications, but I give them as they appear in the report, which is signed by Paul Otlet, secretary.

Prof. Otlet divides the publications into

	periods as f		publicatio	
33				Books.
š)	1436-1536	 	<del>.</del>	42,000
П	1536-1636	 		575,000
d	1636-1736	 		1,225,000
l	1736-1822	 		1,839,000
	1822-1887	 		6,500,000
١	1887-1898	 		1,782,000
ı	1887-1898	 		1,100,000

Germany leads the world in the number of books and pamphlets published yearly. France stands second, then England and the United States. In imaginative works England leads the world, with the largest output of novels, romances and poetry. In Germany educational and theological works lead; in France his-torical, and in Italy religious publications are most numerous. In the United law books and statistics. The following table shows the number of books published in the different countries of the world for the most recent date for which

statist	ICS	CSF	1 De	. 01	) tai	neu	•		
German	y .								27,606
France	Career.								12.129
England									8,334
United	Stat	es							8.291
Switzerl	and								7,816
Belgium									2,629
Holland									3,005
Italy .									4,612
Russia									5,935
Denmar	k								1,544
Norway									1,712
								ries in	the

United States for the year 1906 show of Washington that the Public Library that the Public Library of Washington had a larger number of new books placed on the shelves than any other library in the country. Paterson and Newark, N. J., and St. Joe, Mo., come next, while Boston is at the bottom of the list. It should be explained, however, that the public library of the country of ever, that the public library of Boston is the largest in the country, and has several times as many books as the li-brary at Washington. The public li-brary at Brooklyn did more business than any other, having loaned 2 579,069 books during the year, 67 per cent of them being novels.

#### CONVENT ALUMNAE.

#### Officers Elected at Thirteenth Annual Meeting.

The thirteenth annual meeting of th Georgetown Convent Alumnae Associain the afternoon, after benediction was given in the chapel by Rev. Father Buel, S. J., president of Georgetown College.

At the luncheon, which was served in the refectory, Miss Stephanie Moran, Miss Easby-Smith, Miss Jane Turnbull and Miss Mary Wilcox responded to toasts. A pleasant feature of the business meeting which followed the banquet was the gift of Mrs Bessie Godey Kohl of California, formerly of this city, of two life memberships in her aunt. Miss Isabel Smith, and the sec ond to Miss Stephanie Moran, a graduate of this year. The interest on these benefactions, twenty-four of which have been

made, supports the scholarship founded by the alumnae. Mrs. Carr, wife of Gen. Eugene A. Carr, Mrs. Carr, wife of Gen. Eugene A. Carr, U. S. A., a resident of this city, who presided over yesterday's session of the alumnae, was re-elected president, and fifteen of the vice presidents were chosen as follows: Mrs. Nellie Taylor Taft of New York, Miss Edith Dempsey of Massachusetts, Mrs. Helen Abell Baughman of Maryland, Miss Isabel O'Connor of South Carolina, Mrs. Mary Lyv Kittredge. Carolina, Mrs. Mary Ivy Kittredge of Louisiana, Miss Julia Ashe of Tennessee, Mrs. Belle Seyfert Elcock of Pennsylvania Mrs. Emma Etheridge Moran of Detroit Mrs. Josephine Dickson Walsh of St. Louis, Mrs. Bernadette Kelly of Minnesota, Mrs. Agnes Fleming of Texas, Mrs. Mary Sennessy of New Haven, Conn.; Mrs. Ella Clark Richards of Spokane, Wash. Mrs. E. V. Kohl of California and Mrs Touceda Padro of Havana, Cuba.

Mrs. E. L. White of this city was chosen treasurer, Mrs. Agatha O'Neal was elected corresponding secretary and Miss Mary R. Wilcox of this city recording secretary. Those named for the executive board are:
Mrs. Edgar H. May of this city, Mrs. Grace Clagett Hill of Upper Marlboro, Md .: Miss Jane Turnbull of this city, Miss Mary Lee Goddard of this city, and Miss Mary Louise Conrad of this city.

#### Falls Church Municipal Election.

Citizens of Falls Church, Va., say the in manifested as it should have been Tuesday, June 11, only 116 votes having been cast. An entire new body of officers, with the exception of Dr. J. B. Gould, alderman, was elected. The new council will assemble September 1, 1907.

be for the new aldermen to elect a mayor, steam pump, which will keep the coffer town sergeant and clerk. The following are town sergeant and clerk. The following are

Authority to Practice Conferred Upon Doctors and Dentists.

GEORGETOWN UNIVERSITY

Address to the Classes by Dr. Edwin Behrend.

OUTLINE OF FUTURE DUTIES

President Buel of the University Presents the Diplomas-List of

the Graduates.

ors and seven dentists turned out by Georgetown University last night. The graduation exercises were held in Gaston of the state of New York has undertaken | Hall in the presence of a large number of interested spectators. The hall was decorated with the college colors and with palms and flowers. There was an orchestra grouplist and description of unoccupied farms | ed in the recesses of the greenery at one corner of the stage and the platform was filled with the students and faculty while other members of the medical and dental schools acted as ushers.

The principal address of the evening was delivered by Dr. Edwin Behrend. He said that in the course of the medical school as



Rev. D. H. Buel, S. J., President Georgetown University

the survival of the fittest. Nature is prodigal of her gifts and many more individuals of every genus were brought into the world than can ever survive. With some it is the fault of their surroundings; with some inherent weakness, and with others the attacks of natural enemies. It was so, he said, in the development of the university classes, many more started out than ever capacity, idleness, financial troubles or other difficulties, that thinned the ranks and left at the close of the course only a part of hose who started in the race. For made. has a hearty welcome and he wished to extend to them on behalf of the faculty and the medical profession at large the greeting of good fellowship with every wish for success in their chosen walk of life.

Not Always of Rosy Hue.

Dr. Behrend said that it is impossible to paint the future for them in altogether rosy colors. The medical and dental proadvance in modern hygiene and right methods of living there is less and less call for the doctor. Preventive medicine is taking the place of post-symptom treatment, he stated, and there are naturally fewer of the population in proportion to the total number who have to come under the doc tor's care. The struggle for existence will, therefore, continue after graduation, as well as before. There will be for most of the young physicians some years of hos-pital practice; there will be examinations by state board and the selection by patients of the doctors who prove themselves the most worthy of confidence. All of these barriers have to be surmounted.

But the student is not to imagine that his education is finished merely because he has finished his school course. It is a mis take for a doctor to stop studying and rely on the experience gained by practice. There are always lectures, medical journals, text books and the like that the physician must consult if he is to hold his place in the first rank, and Dr. Behrend said there is no more fatal misconception than that all a physician has to do was to sit down in a more or less luxuriously appointed office and wait for practice to come to him with out doing anything else.

#### List of Graduates.

The graduates were introduced by Dr. George M. Koeber of the medical faculty and Dr. W. N. Cogan of the dental faculty. The diplomas were presented by Rev. David H. Buel, president of the university.

The twelve to receive the degree of M. D. were Albert E. Acker, Washington, D. C.; Robert G. Blaine, Washington, D. C.; Scott Dudley Breckinridge, Washington, D. C.; Joseph Louis Edward Frey, New York; Harry R. Hermesch, Indiana: John Martin Maloney, Massachusetts; Joseph S. Murrin, Pennsylvania: John Maxwell Pearson, Washington, D. C.; James Henry Quinn, Massachusetts: Walter A. Reynard, New York; Henry Richard Schreiber, Washington, D. C. and Fred H. Swetnam, Virginia. The graduates of the dental school were Frank L. Curry, Massachusetts: Albert L. F. Jolist, Ohio; Richard J. Murnighan, New York; Daniel A. Murphy, Massachusetts; Harry B. Riley, Washington, D. C.; Matthew J. Sweeney, Massachusetts, and Elichi

### Sakurai, Japan

Valedictory Address. The valedictory was delivered by Dr. Harry Hermesch of the graduating class. He thanked the faculty for the time and care that had been bestowed on their education, and said that he hoped they would all be able to go into the world and by their achievements reflect credit on their old friends and instructors.

Prof. Joseph Tabor Johnson followed Dr. Behrend's address with the announcement of the three Georgetown University Hos-pital appointments, as follows: Dr. Joseph S. Murrin, resident physician; Dr. Walter A Reynard, assistant resident physician, and Or. Albert E. Acker, externe. The members of the faculty on the platform besides those already mentioned were Drs. Wall, Barton, Vaughan, Baker, Bowles, Adams, Magruder, Hickley, Lowe, Wells, Parie, Repetti, O'Donohue, Richard-

Connecting Big Sewer Pipes.

son, Griffith and Hamilton.

The coffer dam about the shore end of the big sewer pipes running under water to the channel of the river at the sewer outlet has, it is stated, been completed and the pile-driving machine is employed in driving the supports for a small pier, which is to be built at the outlet site. On The first business to be transacted will the pier will be located a big bother and some for the mere gratification of a love and taste for flowers and thers for profit. A large number of people, including many recent European immigrants, are able to make their living, and others contribute a considerable amount to their earnings by cultivating potatoes and vegetables in these "gardens of the poor," as they are called. The members of the association have no difficulty in obtaining permission from the love and there is an additional contribute a considerable amount to their earnings by cultivating potatoes and vegetables in these "gardens of the poor," as they are called. Third ward—Harry C. Birge, William M. Ellison and F. M. Hodgson.

It is following are the names of those into whose hands the reins of the government of the town have been placed:

First ward—Thomas A. Williams, Oscar H. Billingsley and Dr. James B. Gould.

Second ward—Jonas T. Unversagt, John N. Gibson and George L. Erwin.

Third ward—Harry C. Birge, William M. Ellison and F. M. Hodgson.

# Gordon Borry Good College

New York-WASHINGTON-Paris.

## Sale of Paris Chiffon Silk At 29c per yard.. The Regular Price Is 50c.

ARIS Chiffon Silk is one of the sheerest and most brilliant silk fabrics woven, and one of the daintiest and most beautiful offered for this season. It is made of the best quality of silk and fine mercerized Egyptian cotton. The surface is plain and has a tiny woven diamond-shaped figure scattered over it. Shown in a wide range of the most wanted shades of pink, light blue, yellow, canary, heliotrope, cardinal, jasper, etc.

These goods are new and fresh (and not seconds), but bright and perfect in every way. They are recommended especially for bridesmaids' dresses and for evening wear at seashore and elsewhere. 27 inches wide.

## Sale of Mexicana Checks

## At 15c per yard. The Regular Price Is 25c.

HIS is also a dainty and most attractive cotton material. It has a sheer white check groundwork and is printed in a variety of floral designs, some small, some bold, in the wanted tints of pink, blue and heliotrope. Desirable for either morning or evening at the seashore and suitable for general summer wear at home or elsewhere. 27 inches wide.

## Sale of French Silk and Wool Voiles

### At \$1.50 the yard. Heretofore \$2.50.

HIS season's importation, in exclusive styles and combinations, consisting of black and white, gray and white, navy and white stripes, embroidered all over in conventional designs. A very light, soft, sheer, durable fabric, suitable for street costumes or the more dressy gowns, and particularly desirable for seashore wear. 45 inches wide.

#### Women's Practical Summer Neckwear.

E are showing a particularly varied and attractive assortment of odd and pretty conceits for summer wear. Damty elegancies from abroad, and numberless heels and finished with ribbon bow. pretty things that are American A very smart shape, in all sizes.

Embroidered Linen Coat Sets. Each..... 25C Elegant line of Driving Stocks, in white, cru, lavender, light blue and Alice blue.

Dainty Mull Ties. Each.....

Embroidered Linen Turn-over 25c to \$3.75

Main floor, G st.

#### Women's White

#### Petticoats.

E are showing an ele-gant line of White Petticoats for women, imported and domestic, of cambric, lawn and percale, embodying the latest and most beautiful effects in trimmings, consisting of hand-work, laces, embroideries, tucks, scallops, etc., applied in the newest and most attractive ways.

...... Petticoats of cambric, trimmed with full ruffle of tucks and blind embroidery; also with \$1.75 Petticoats of cambric, trimmed with full ruffle of blind and open embroidery; also with \$2.25 Petticoats of French percale, with hand-mbroidered scallop on flounce. Each..... \$2.19 Petticoats of cambric and lawn, trimmed with full lawn ruffles finished with tucks and blind and open embroidery; also with full lace \$2.75 ruffles. Each,....

Petricoats of cambric, with embroidery-trimmed ruffles. \$3.00 to \$10.00 Petticoats of cambric and lawn, trimmed with full lace \$3.75 to \$10.50 ruffles. Each...... Hand-made Petticoats, elaborately trimmed with hand embroidery and lace. \$15.00 to \$75.00 Third floor, Eleventh st.

### Women's Knit

#### Underwear.

ARIETY enough to please every fancy. Leading makes only represented - goods known for superiority of shape as well as quality and general

Women's Jersey Ribbed Combination Suits, with high and low neck and long and short legs. The celebrated "Harvard" make. Each.... 5OC

100 dozen Women's Swiss Ribbed Lisle-finish Vests, with low neck and no sleeves. 20c; 3 for 50c.

Regular 25c quality. 75 dozen Women's Lisle Thread Vests, with hand-crocheted fronts. 25c each. Value, 35c.

20 dozen Women's Imported Swiss Ribbed Lisle Thread Vests, with crocheted fronts. 75c each.

A full line of Wool Abdominal Bands for Women and Children. These are very necessary for pertains and seashore.

sons to take with them to the moun-Also a full line of Women's Ribbed Corset Covers, of cotton, lisle thread and silk, for wear under shirt

evenings-25c to \$2.50.

### Special Value in Women's Tan Pumps.

E offer a very special value in a new line of Women's Tan Pumps. Made of a rich shade Special value, \$3.00.

#### Third floor, Tenth st. Children's Hosiery.

E are showing a splendid assortment of Summer Hosiery for Children, including many novelties in Sox. In fact, it is the most interesting collection we have ever shown.

Finer quality in imported Summer Wool \$1.00 Still finer quality, in black and white; 500 size 5; pair.

2c extra on each larger size.

25c, 35c, 371/2c, 50c and 621/2c. A full line of Children's Ribbed Hose, in 25c, 37½c and 50c white and tan. Pair.. 25c, 37½c Main floor, F st.

## Flags for Flag Day.

RIDAY, the 14th, is Flag Day. Those who wish to observe it by decorating, etc., will find here a large assortment, from the 2x3-inch size of silk to the 5x8-ft. of cotton bunting. 2x3-inch Silk Flags, mounted, each, 5c; 50c 

7x12-inch Silk Flags, mounted. Each.... I5C 10x14-inch Silk Flags, mounted. Each... 250 Small Cotton Flags. Each... 3C, 5c and IOC Size 21/2x4 ft. Each..... Size 4x7 ft. Each..... Unmounted Cotton Bunting Flags, with \$1.25 sewed stars and stripes; size 2x3 ft. Each 10-ft. Flag Poles. Each..... 

## Magazines and

Fourth floor, Eleventh st.

Periodicals.

HY not let your favorite Magazines and Periodicals follow you this summer? We have one of the largest and

best appointed Magazine Departments in the city, and our facilities for carefully attending to your wants in this direction cannot be ex-If you are going away for a few

weeks or a few months to the mountains or seashore we will gladly enter your order for whatever you wish in summer reading-Magazines and Periodicals-and will see waists these cool mornings and that copies are forwarded you on day of issue.

# Moodward& Lothrop

New York-WASHINGTON-Paris.

## Another Special Sale of Men's Clothing.

E offer two more lots of Men's High-grade Suits at reduced prices. We have too many of these numbers, hence the low-

ered prices. They are the finest grades we carry, and are mostly Stein-Bloch make. Styles, materials, patterns, colorings strictly up to date. Cut and made by custom tailors, they are correctly proportioned, and will fit, wear and furnish satisfactory service. There are shapes for the young man, the middle-aged man, the elderly man.

Every suit is new, fresh, made for this season; this fact, with the very low prices, makes the values very exceptional.

LOT I-Suits of Fancy Worsteds and Cassimeres; strictly allwool; light, medium and dark effects. A large and splendid assort-

Were \$27.50, \$30.00, \$32.50 and \$35.00. Now \$22.50 for Choice.

All sizes, from 33 to 46 chest measure.

LOT 2-Many Suits, in many styles, that Were \$20.00, \$22.50, \$25.00 and \$27.50. Now \$15.00 for Choice.

\$15.00 and \$18.50 Suits, \$12.50 each.

Separate Trousers that were \$5.00, \$6.00 and \$7.00-\$3.95 a pair. Fancy Vests that were \$2.00, \$2.50 and \$3.00-\$1.50 each.

## Sale of Boys' Clothing At Special Prices.

WO lots of Boys' Wool Suits at a third and nearly a half less than usual prices. Made of pretty, light-weight wool materials, in gray and other desirable colors. Splendid suits for dress wear in town and ideal for seaside, mountain and vacation use, on cool days and dress-up occasions.

LOT 1-Boys' All-wool Worsted Suits, sailor blouse style, very light weight, in the new gray effects; handsome patterns; sizes 5 to 10 years. These were secured under price and are a very special value.

\$3.25 each. Regular Price, \$5.00.

LOT 2-Boys' Two-piece Suits, of attractive all-wool materials, in a variety of light, medium and dark effects; some with straight-cut,

lar grays and other desirable colors. \$3.75 each. Values, \$5.00, \$6.00, \$7.50. Special Values in Wash Suits:

others with knickerbocker pants. Sizes 8 to 17 years. The most-popu-

\$1.95 each. Value, \$3.50. \$2.35 each. Value, \$4.00. \$3.35 each. Value, \$6.00.

## Four Special Values in White Dress Linens:

36-inch Irish Linen; pure linen | and light weight.

45c per yard. 36-inch Irish Linen, round thread. 50c per yard. Second floor, Eleventh st.

45-inch Pure Linen Suiting. 56c per yard.

72-inch Pure Irish Linen. 85c per yard.

HETHER your trip is by land or sea — to Jamestown or Europe,

correct luggage-steamer trunks,

dress trunks, skirt trunks, hat

trunks, wardrobe trunks, trunks es-

pecially for men, trunks especially

for women; suit cases of leather,

leatherette, cane and matting; bags

sories that are necessary or helpful

We mention a few particularly

good values in low-priced trunks and

No. 52 Dress Trunk, made of basswood,

covered with heavy canvas and protected with 15 hardwood slats; full sheet-iron bot-

28-inch, \$5.50 each.

30-inch, \$6.25 each.

32-inch, \$7.00 each.

34-inch, \$7.50 each.

36-inch, \$8.00 each.

No. 73 Steamer Trunk, made of basswood

and covered with good canvas; full sheet-iron bottom; 10 slats; good lock; cloth

28-inch, \$3.95 each.

30-inch, \$4.50 each.

32-inch, \$5.00 each.

34-inch, \$5.50 each.

36-inch, \$6.00 each.

A lot of Genuine Cowhide Leath-

er Suit Cases, made on steel frame;

good lock; reinforced corners; two

straps; cloth lined; inside straps.

\$3.95 each. Value, \$5.50.

-we are showing the

Traveling

in traveling.

lined; one tray.

Special:

Requisites.

### Satisfactory

#### Refrigerators.

HE season is at hand for the purchasing of one of the most important of summer requisites - the Refrigerator. Perhaps the one you have has outlived its usefulness and requires much more ice than a new, up-to-

date refrigerator. We are agents for the celebrated Wisconsin "Peerless" Refrigerator and have handled the same for the of all desirable sorts, fitted and unpast eight years, with better results fitted, and the various small accesthan any we have ever shown. We wish to call special attention to the patent Barrett Drip Cup, which is easily accessible, being in the center of the refrigerator and forming a trap, which keeps the cold air from escaping. A simple device, but a good one, as it saves ice. We show different styles of refrigerators structed trunk that will stand rough hangood one, as it saves ice. We show tanging in price from

\$11.75 to \$100.00 each.

#### Special:

Wisconsin Refrigerators (fourth size), steel lined, movable air flues, for cleaning, etc. A very convenient size and an excellent value.

\$9.95 each. Regularly \$14.75.

### Two Specials in Summer Furniture.

A lot of Arm Rockers, in natural finish, with high back and woven reed seat. A well-made, substantial

\$1.95 each. Value, \$2.50. A lot of 31/2-ft. Folding Settees,

Also a lot of Cane and Matting Suit Cases, made on steel framewith seat of oak slats; put together strong, light-weight cases, especially desirable for women. 79c each. Value, \$1.00.

\$2.95 to \$8.00 each.

An extra strong case.

#### Woodward & Lothrop.

with screws.